

in the intensity of the energy beams 150. As will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art, the required output capacity of the energy source 120 to allow adequate detection by the detectors may be based on various factors, such as the size of the touch screen 110, the expected losses within the touch screen system 100 (e.g., $1/\text{distance}^2$ losses) and due to and the surrounding medium (e.g., air), speed or exposure time characteristics of the detectors 110, ambient light characteristics, etc. As will be discussed with respect to subsequent figures, the detectors 130, 131 transmit data regarding the energy beams 150 (or variation therein) to a computing device (not depicted) that executes software for processing said data and calculating the location of a touch relative to the touch screen 110.

[0035] FIG. 2 is a block diagram illustrating the exemplary touch screen system 100 interfaced to an exemplary computing device 201 in accordance with certain exemplary embodiments of the present invention. The computing device 201 may be functionally coupled to a touch screen system 100, either by a hardware or wireless connection. The exemplary computing device 201 may be any type of processor-driven device, such as a personal computer, a laptop computer, a handheld computer, a personal digital assistant (PDA), a digital and/or cellular telephone, a pager, a video game device, etc. These and other types of processor-driven devices will be apparent to those of skill in the art. As used in this discussion, the term "processor" can refer to any type of programmable logic device, including a microprocessor or any other type of similar device.

[0036] The computing device 201 may include, for example, a processor 202, a system memory 204, and various system interface components 206. The processor 202, system memory 204, a digital signal processing (DSP) unit 205 and system interface components 206 may be functionally connected via a system bus 208. The system interface components 206 may enable the processor 202 to communicate with peripheral devices. For example, a storage device interface 210 can provide an interface between the processor 202 and a storage device 211 (e.g., removable and/or non-removable), such as a disk drive. A network interface 212 may also be provided as an interface between the processor 202 and a network communications device (not shown), so that the computing device 201 can be connected to a network.

[0037] A display screen interface 214 can provide an interface between the processor 202 and a display device 190 (shown in FIG. 1). The touch screen 110 of the touch screen system 100 may be positioned in front of or otherwise attached or mounted to a display device 190 having its own display screen 192. Alternately, the touch screen 110 may function as the display screen 192 of the display device 190. One or more input/output ("I/O") port interfaces 216 may be provided as an interface between the processor 202 and various input and/or output devices. For example, the detectors 130, 131 or other suitable components of the touch screen system 100 may be connected to the computing device 201 via an input port and may provide input signals to the processor 202 via an input port interface 216. Similarly, the energy source 120 of the touch screen system 100 may be connected to the computing device 201 by way of an output port and may receive output signals from the processor 202 via an output port interface 216.

[0038] A number of program modules may be stored in the system memory 204 and/or any other computer-readable media associated with the storage device 211 (e.g., a hard disk

drive). The program modules may include an operating system 217. The program modules may also include an information display program module 219 comprising computer-executable instructions for displaying images or other information on a display screen 192. Other aspects of the exemplary embodiments of the invention may be embodied in a touch screen control program module 221 for controlling the energy source 120 and/or detectors 130, 131 of the touch screen system 100 and/or for calculating touch locations and discerning interaction states relative to the touch screen 110 based on signals received from the detectors 130, 131.

[0039] Certain embodiments of the invention may include a DSP unit for performing some or all of the functionality ascribed to the Touch Panel Control program module 221. As is known in the art, a DSP unit 205 may be configured to perform many types of calculations including filtering, data sampling, and triangulation and other calculations and to control the modulation of the energy source 120. The DSP unit 205 may include a series of scanning imagers, digital filters, and comparators implemented in software. The DSP unit 205 may therefore be programmed for calculating touch locations and discerning interaction states relative to the touch screen 110, as described herein.

[0040] The processor 202, which may be controlled by the operating system 217, can be configured to execute the computer-executable instructions of the various program modules. The methods of the present invention may be embodied in such computer-executable instructions. Furthermore, the images or other information displayed by the information display program module 219 may be stored in one or more information data files 223, which may be stored on any computer readable medium associated with the computing device 201.

[0041] As discussed above, when a user touches on or near the touch screen 110, a variation will occur in the intensity of the energy beams 150 that are directed across the surface of the touch screen 110. The detectors 130, 131 are configured to detect the intensity of the energy beams 150 reflected across the surface of the touch screen 110 and should be sensitive enough to detect variations in such intensity. Information signals produced by the detectors 130, 131 and/or other components of the touch screen display system 100 may be used by the computing device 201 to determine the location of the touch relative to the touch screen 110 (and therefore relative to the display screen 192) and to discern whether the touch is indicative of a selection state, a tracking state or a dragging state. The computing device 201 may also determine the appropriate response to a touch on or near the touch screen 110.

[0042] In accordance with some embodiments of the invention, data from the detectors 130, 131 may be periodically processed by the computing device 201 to monitor the typical intensity level of the energy beams 150 that are directed across the surface of the touch screen 110 when no touch is present. This allows the system to account for, and thereby reduce the effects of, changes in ambient light levels and other ambient conditions. The computing device 201 may optionally increase or decrease the intensity of the energy beams 150 emitted by the energy source 120, as needed. Subsequently, if a variation in the intensity of the energy beams 150 is detected by the detectors 130, 131, the computing device 201 can process this information to determine that a touch has occurred on or near the touch screen 110.